

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Substance
 Trade name : AROMATIC 150
 Product code : TS133
 Synonyms : (polyethyl)benzenes / caromax 19 / caromax 20E / caromax 29 / corexit 8352 / CW naphtha / EFA 180/200 / EFA 240/270 / heavy aromatic naphtha / heavy aromatic solvent naphtha / kemelix H610 / NEFRAS 150/330 / petrinex ASB / re-run tower bottoms. / SOLAREX 90/160 / SOLVAREX 10 / SOLVAREX 9 / SOLVAREX 90/180 / SOLVARO 290 / SOLVARO 300 / SOLVARO AFD / SOLVARO K / solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. / solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic / washed aromatic residues
 BIG no : 15198

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Crown Paint Company
 1801 W. Sheridan
 Oklahoma City, 73106 - United States
 T 1-405-232-8580

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : In the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods:
 in Canada call CANUTEC at 613-996-6666 or *666 on a cellular phone.
 in the US call CHEMTREC at 800-424-9300 (Account Name for US is Polyglass Coatings)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 4 H227 - Combustible liquid
 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 - Causes skin irritation
 Carc. 2 H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
 Asp. Tox. 1 H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
 Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS07

GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

H227 - Combustible liquid
 H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
 H315 - Causes skin irritation
 H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
 P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
 P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
 P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling
 P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor
 P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
 P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
 P321 - Specific treatment (see 4.1. First aid procedures on this label)
 P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.
 P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

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P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name : naphtha,heavy aromatic

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
naphtha,heavy aromatic	(CAS-No.) 64742-94-5	60 - 100	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	(CAS-No.) 95-63-6	0 - 10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
naphthalene	(CAS-No.) 91-20-3	0 - 10	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Carc. 2, H351

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove the victim into fresh air.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Soap may be used. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing before washing.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Take victim to an ophthalmologist. Do not apply neutralizing agents.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital. Call Poison Information Centre (www.big.be/antigif.htm).

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Coughing. Headache. Dizziness. Narcosis. Disturbances of consciousness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Tingling/irritation of the skin.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Redness of the eye tissue. Irritation of the eye tissue.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Irritation of the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Risk of aspiration pneumonia.

Chronic symptoms : ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher. Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher. Quick-acting class B foam extinguisher. Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher. Class B foam (not alcohol-resistant).

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Water (quick-acting extinguisher, reel); risk of puddle expansion. Water; risk of puddle expansion.

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5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : DIRECT FIRE HAZARD: Material presenting a fire hazard. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD: Temperature above flashpoint: higher fire/explosion hazard.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire : Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: seal off low-lying areas. Exposure to fire/heat: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.
Firefighting instructions : Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.
Protection during firefighting : Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Face-shield. Protective clothing. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air apparatus.
Emergency procedures : Mark the danger area. No naked flames. Wash contaminated clothes.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill.
Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material, e.g.: sand/earth. Absorbed substance: shovel into drums. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Use earthed equipment. Keep away from naked flames/heat. At temperature > flashpoint: use spark-/explosionproof appliances. In finely divided state: use spark-/explosionproof appliances. Finely divided: keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection. Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Keep container tightly closed.
Hygiene measures : Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with skin.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Heat-ignition : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources.
Information on mixed storage : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: oxidizing agents. (strong) acids. halogens.
Storage area : Store in a cool area. Ventilation at floor level. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Provide the tank with earthing. Meet the legal requirements.
Special rules on packaging : SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.
Packaging materials : SUITABLE MATERIAL: stainless steel. monel steel. carbon steel. synthetic material.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	25 ppm (Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers); USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)
naphthalene (91-20-3)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm

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naphthalene (91-20-3)		
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Hematologic eff; URT & eye irr; Skin; A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans: The agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at a relatively high dose, by route(s) of administration, at site(s), of histologic type(s), or by mechanism(s) that may not be relevant to worker exposure. Available epidemiologic studies do not confirm an increased risk of cancer in exposed humans. Available evidence does not suggest that the agent is likely to cause cancer in humans except under uncommon or unlikely routes or levels of exposure)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	50 mg/m ³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm

8.2. Exposure controls

Materials for protective clothing	: GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: PVA. viton. GIVE LESS RESISTANCE: nitrile rubber. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE: butyl rubber. natural rubber. neoprene. polyethylene.
Hand protection	: Gloves.
Eye protection	: Face shield.
Skin and body protection	: Protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: Respiratory protection of the dependent type. High gas/vapour concentration: full face mask.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Liquid. : No data available : No data available
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: -18 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 179 °C 354.2 °F
Flash point	: 66 °C 150.8 °F
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: < 0.1
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: 148
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Explosion limits	: 0.8 - 5.9 vol %
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: 0.08 kPa (0.6 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapor pressure at 50 °C	: 7 hPa
Relative density	: 0.9 - 1
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: 5 - 6
Specific gravity / density	: 895 kg/m ³
Solubility	: Insoluble in water. Water: < 0.01 g/100ml
Log Pow	: 2.9 - 6.1
Auto-ignition temperature	: 220 - 250 °C 428 - 482 °F
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available

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Viscosity, dynamic : 0.002 Pa.s (25 °C)

9.2. Other information

Saturation concentration : 5 g/m³
VOC content (Regulatory - Less water and exempt solvents) : 100 %
Other properties : Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Clear. Slightly volatile. May generate electrostatic charges.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No additional information available

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No additional information available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

AROMATIC 150	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit, Dermal)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Inhalation)

naphtha,heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit, Dermal)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Inhalation)

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature; 6000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rat	> 3440 mg/kg (Rat; Read-across; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	18 mg/l/4h (Rat)
ATE US (vapors)	18 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2500 mg/kg (Rat, Dermal)
ATE US (oral)	533 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

naphthalene (91-20-3)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

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Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Narcotic in high concentrations. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Practically non-toxic in contact with skin (LD50 skin > 2000 mg/kg). Irritant to the eyes.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Coughing. Headache. Dizziness. Narcosis. Disturbances of consciousness.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Tingling/irritation of the skin.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Redness of the eye tissue. Irritation of the eye tissue.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Irritation of the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Risk of aspiration pneumonia.
Chronic symptoms	: ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: Dangerous for the environment.
Ecology - water	: Very toxic to aquatic organisms. Toxic to fishes. Water pollutant (surface water). Toxic to algae.

AROMATIC 150	
LC50 fish 1	2.34 mg/l (96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Fresh water)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.95 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna)
naphtha,heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
LC50 fish 1	2.34 mg/l (96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Fresh water)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.95 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
LC50 fish 1	7.72 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Pimephales promelas; Flow-through system; Fresh water)
EC50 Daphnia 1	3.6 mg/l (LC50; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
Threshold limit algae 2	2.356 mg/l (EC50; ECOSAR; 96 h; Algae; Fresh water)
naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LC50 fish 1	0.11 mg/l (96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Literature study)
EC50 Daphnia 1	2.16 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna, Literature study)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

AROMATIC 150	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.
naphtha,heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water. Forming sediments in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Adsorbs into the soil. Low potential for mobility in soil. Photodegradation in the air.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	0.44 g O ₂ /g substance
naphthalene (91-20-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	0.22 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	2.99 g O ₂ /g substance

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

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Log Pow	2.9 - 6.1

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AROMATIC 150	
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumable.
naphtha,heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
Log Pow	2.9 - 6.1
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumable.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
BCF fish 1	31 - 275 (BCF; Other; 8 weeks; Cyprinus carpio)
Log Pow	3.63 - 4.09 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Potential for bioaccumulation ($4 \geq \text{Log Kow} \leq 5$).
naphthalene (91-20-3)	
BCF fish 1	23 - 168 (8 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Literature study)
Log Pow	3.3 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

12.4. Mobility in soil

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
Surface tension	0.029 N/m
Log Koc	log Koc,3.04; Calculated value
Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.
naphthalene (91-20-3)	
Surface tension	0.03 N/m (100 °C)
Ecology - soil	Adsorbs into the soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

- Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Recycle by distillation. Remove to an authorized waste incinerator for solvents with energy recovery.
- Additional information : Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

- Transport document description : UN1268 Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. (Naphthalene), 3, III
- UN-No.(DOT) : UN1268
- Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.
Naphthalene
- Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
- Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



- Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger
- DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 203
- DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: 144 - If transported as a residue in an underground storage tank (UST), as defined in 40 CFR 280.12, that has been cleaned and purged or rendered inert according to the American Petroleum Institute (API) Standard 1604 (IBR, see 171.7 of this subchapter), then the tank and this material are not subject to any other requirements of this subchapter. However, sediments remaining in the tank that meet the definition for a hazardous material are subject to the applicable regulations of this subchapter. B1 - If the material has a flash point at or above 38 C (100 F) and below 93 C (200 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.241 of this subchapter are applicable. If the material has a flash point of less than 38 C (100 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.242 of this subchapter are applicable. IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672). T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP29 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150.0 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 1.5 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous materials, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 60 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 220 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 128
Other information	: No supplementary information available.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Transport document description	: UN1268 PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Naphthalene), 3, III
UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1268
Proper Shipping Name (Transportation of Dangerous Goods)	: PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.
TDG Primary Hazard Classes	: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group	: III - Minor Danger
TDG Special Provisions	: 91 - Despite paragraph 13.1.5(c) of CGSB-43.146, these dangerous goods may, after January 1, 2010, be handled, offered for transport or transported in a means of containment on a road vehicle, a railway vehicle or a ship on a domestic voyage if the means of containment was manufactured before January 1, 2003 and the following information is set out on a metal label in a holder that is welded to the tank head or to another readily visible location on the tank: (a) the name of the tank's manufacturer; (b) the metal thickness of the tank in millimetres; (c) the capacity of the tank in litres; (d) the year that the tank was manufactured; (e) the label of the Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada (ULC); (f) the words "Mobile Refuelling Tank - ULC/ORD-C142.13"; (g) the words "Not Authorized for Transport of Dangerous Goods Requiring a Specification Tank"; (h) in the case of a tank designed for mounting on a truck or trailer platform, the words "This Tank Shall Be Secured to the Truck or Trailer Platform by the Means Provided By the Tank Manufacturer"; and (i) in the case of a skid-equipped tank that provides clearances of at least 300 mm to grade, the words "Suitable for Towing over Graded Surfaces Only". SOR/2014-152,92 - (1)The consignor must classify these dangerous goods on the basis of samples. (2)The consignor must make available to the Minister, on reasonable notice given by the Minister, a document that explains the sampling method and includes the following information: (a)the scope of the method; (b)the sampling apparatus; (c)the sampling procedures; (d)the frequency and conditions of sampling; and (e)a description of the quality control management system in place. Many methods are available for the sampling of petroleum products. An example can be found in American Society for Testing and Materials Standard ASTM D4057-12, "Standard Practice for Manual Sampling of Petroleum and Petroleum Products". The frequency and conditions of sampling should allow for the variability of the dangerous goods to ensure representativeness. The classification assigned to the dangerous goods should reflect the properties of the dangerous goods during transport. SOR/2014-152,150 - An emergency response assistance plan (ERAP) is required for these dangerous goods under subsection 7.1(6) of Part 7 (Emergency Response Assistance Plan).

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Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 5 L
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index : 60 L

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1268
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.
Class (IMDG) : 3 - Flammable liquids
Packing group (IMDG) : III - substances presenting low danger
EmS-No. (1) : F-A
EmS-No. (2) : S-F

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 3082
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
Class (IATA) : 9 - Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods
Packing group (IATA) : III - Minor Danger

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

AROMATIC 150

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	CAS-No. 95-63-6	0 - 10%
naphthalene	CAS-No. 91-20-3	0 - 10%

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

naphthalene (91-20-3)

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

AROMATIC 150

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

naphtha,heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

naphthalene (91-20-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

naphthalene (91-20-3)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

15.3. US State regulations

This product can expose you to naphthalene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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naphthalene (91-20-3)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	5.8 µg/day

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

naphthalene (91-20-3)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 06/12/2019

Full text of H-phrases:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

SDS US Endura

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